# A Novel System for Designing Lay-Flat Irrigation Pipe Systems for Flood & Furrow Irrigation

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# The Lay-Flat Pipe System for Irrigation



# Commercial hole puncher – 10 different diameters 7/16, 1/2, 9/16, 5/8, 11/16, 3/4, 13/16, 7/8, 15/16, 1"



### **Various size Plastic Hole Punchers**



# Lay flat pipe

- Labor savings are significant over gated pipe for surface irrigation. Two workers can install several of miles of pipe per day. Up to 6 MPH.
- Cost is about \$200/roll, typical lengths are 1320 feet (400 meters).
- Pipe is rolled back up after season and recycled.
- Holes are punched at exact row spacing allowing for complex placement, diagonal alignments and angles between the crown pipe and rows.
- Thickness 7-10 mils, sizes 10" to 22" Diameter. Polyethylene with a UV inhibitor.
- Challenge with lay flat pipe is that it operates on a 1 meter or 3 ft burst pressure, thus is hydraulically challenging to match hole sizes with ratio of flow needed per furrow and pressure.

### How hole size effects flow in layflat pipe



How pressure effects flow in lay flat pipe



### Computerized Hole Selection



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# **Computerized Hole Selection**

- CHS is the process of proportioning flow based on row length, row spacing, while accounting for friction loss from elevation and hydraulic losses. The goal is for the proper quantity of water to be delivered to each furrow uniformly.
- Uses computer to determine hole punch plan for layflat irrigation pipe. Balances pressure, pipe size, elevation and flow rate to deliver uniform furrow flow based on row length.
- Water and fuel reduced by 20% on regularly shaped fields
  - Savings likely higher on irregularly shaped fields
  - Landscape water savings potential 226,430 ac-ft/yr
- Given current or increasing fuel costs, CHS increases profitability by 70 dollars acre<sup>-1</sup> on regularly shaped fields.
  - Profit margin likely higher on irregularly shaped fields
- Delta Plastics Inc released free to public, web-based tool in August 2014 with goal of reducing water use by 20% by 2040. www.pipeplanner.com



Efficient Irrigation Management





### What is the primary reason you started using CHS?

Profit allowed for new investment in... 3.4 Heard about this technology from a... 3.9 Experienced water shortage on farm,... 3.9 Learned about ... industry meeting 5.6 Other 19 I tried it on my farm and saw the... 19.6 I wanted to reduce input costs 20.1 Learned about ... Extension meeting 24.6 20 5 10 15 25

30



### Pipe Planner Irrigation Design Results

Farm Name: Kris Keller Field Name: west of lake Set: Set 1 (22 hrs) Hole Spacing: Every Furrow Flow Per Outlet 1.59 Minimum Pressure : 0.00 ft Maximum Pressure : 0.00 ft Hole Size: 1/4,5/16,3/8,7/16,1/2,9/16,5/8,11/16,3/4,13/16,7/8,15/16,1,Enable

Gates

Uniformity: 90 % Min. Head Pressure: 0.68 ft Max Head Pressure:: 1.75 ft Set Area: 28 ac Flow In: 1800 gpm



Pipe Size (in)	Pipe Function	Pipe Length (ft)	Hole Size (in)	Furrow Count	Build Up Height (ft)
15x10	Supply	0 - 68 ft			
15x10	Irrigation	68 - 294 ft	L: 5/16 R: 5/16	90	
15x10	Irrigation	294 - 513 ft	L: 3/8 R: 5/16	87	
15x10	Irrigation	513 - 664 ft	L: 7/16 R: 5/16	60	
15x10	Irrigation	664 - 827 ft	L: 1/2 R: 5/16	65	
15x10	Irrigation	827 - 974 ft	L: 9/16 R: 5/16	58	
15x10	Irrigation	974 - 1037 ft	L: 1/2 R: 5/16	25	
15x10	Irrigation	1037 - 1098 ft	L: 7/16 R: 5/16	24	
15x10	Irrigation	1098 - 1204 ft	L: 3/8 R: 5/16	42	
15x10	Irrigation	1204 - 1513 ft	L: 5/16 R: 5/16	123	
	Build Up	1513 ft			0.93

Use a round tool 1/8 inch in diameter to relieve air that forms at the top of the polytubing. Do not use a tool that could slice the polytubing. If faster furrow flow is detected in wheel-track furrows, punch a 1/8 inch smaller hole in these furrows to achieve more even water distribution. All other tips can be found at 'http://www.deltapl.com/irrigation-resources/. DO NOT USE A TOOL THAT COULD SLICE THE POLYTUBING!

## Computerized Hole Selection

- Proper implementation of CHS reduces water use by 25-50% by proportioning flow based on crown elevation, row length, pipeline pressure, and flow.
- Delta Plastics Pipe Planner and public licensed PHAUCET (Pipe Hole And Uniform Crown Evaluation Tool) can be used to develop a CHS plan.
- Current adoption of CHS is 40% in the mid-south region.
- Implementation of CHS can be a challenge, plans that show multiple hole changes are difficult to implement, yet these are the plans that with the highest potential to improve efficiency and profitability.

# Computerized Hole Selection (CHS)

- Uses punch tool sized between ¼ inch to 7/8" to punch hole in every furrow or every other furrow. On one side or both sides of pipe.
- Mobile app "Poly Pipe Printer" is used to upload an already designed CHS plan and control printer.
- CHS is used for furrow irrigated row crops.



# Multiple Inlet Rice Irrigation

- Uses blue gates and blue gate hole insertion tool to proportion flow to each levee based on size.
- Each Levee has a combination of holes and gate settings that provides for efficient distribution of water in the rice field.
- Mobile app "Rice Irrigation" is used to design MIRI plan and control printer.



Multiple Inlet Rice Irrigation not a "brand new" Idea these pictures were taken in 1991 near Stuttgart, AR



Cascade flood <u>Multiple Inlet Rice Irrigation</u> Reduced cold water effects Rainfall capture-water savings Faster flood – less risk of ammonium volatilization

Image credits: Google Earth, slide courtesy of Joe Massey



### Multiple/Side Inlet

### Vories et al. (2005) found a 24% reduction when multiple inlet was used in contour and straight levee systems.

## Multiple/Side Inlet

- Fields that did not use multiple inlet used 779 mm (30.7 in) of irrigation water whereas fields that used multiple inlet pumped 770 mm (30.3 in) of irrigation water (p = 0.88).
- While there were no differences in irrigation water use due to the use of multiple inlet irrigation, fields that used multiple inlet irrigation had significantly higher yields (180 bu/acre) than fields that used single inlet irrigation (170 bu/acre) (p = 0.03).

2003-2012 UA Rice Verification Water Use data



# Solution

- Use mobile apps, embedded systems, and a ink-jet printer technology to translate CHS and MIRI plans to the pipe as it is being installed by the irrigator.
- Solution must be adaptable between flooded rice fields and furrow irrigated row crop fields to be economically viable.
- "Rice Trailer" solves problem of traversing flooded rice fields with levees. MIRI is designed in "Rice Irrigation" mobile app and implemented real time from phone located on 4 wheeler.
- Hardware was developed to mount a printer, electronics and related hardware to commonly used poly pipe rollers to implement CHS plans in furrow irrigation. A mobile app is used to import CHS plans previously developed and implement them from the tractor seat.

The University of Arkansas Multiple Inlet App can be found on Google Play and the Apple Play Store



Search for "Rice Irrigation"



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### Levees can be imported

- Create levee files from software, export as ESRI Arcview Shapefile format.
- Create levee files when levees are pulled by recording from RTK guidance. Create a feature line.
- Create folders by field on dropbox.com
- Load levees (SHP, SHX, and DBF) files onto drop box

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Organize - Include	in library 🔻 Share with 🔻	Burn	New folder			
🛧 Favorites 🤺	Name		Date modified	Туре	Size	
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Fields that have the largest potential for water and fuel savings are the most difficult to implement MIRI. Here a rice field with 26 irregularly shaped levees or paddies was imported and the MIRI plan completed from a shapefile in 8 minutes. Shapefiles can be created using software or by using tractor installed GPS mapping systems when levees are being pulled.





Results			× 0 :
Farm Input 🛛 🗸	6	4.89	144 1.25
Levee Details 🛛 🗸	7	7.72	1.75
Roll Calculator 🗸	8	10.07	2.5
Results 🗸 🗸	9	6.91	1.75
	10	7.65	
App then calculates number of holes for each levee and shows gate settings. Additionally it provides length pipe thickness and number of			1.0
rolls needed for the field. The results can be			70.93 acres
saved and shared by email.		2464.68 ft	
	Pipe Needed*:		2587.91 ft
	Polytube Rolls Needed**:		2 * The pipe length includes 5% allowance for field relief
			** It is advised to use pipe thickness of 9mil, Tri-Ply 9mil, or 10 mil

SAVE

SHARE



Rice Irrigation Results for Field: new field Generated Monday April 11, 2016 by chris

### Levee Results for new field

Field Area:6	8.64 acres
Flow Rate:1	200.00 gpm
Pipe Size:19	inch (38 cm)
Measured F	ipe Length:2399.86 ft
Pipe Neede	d*:2433.86 ft
Polytube Ro	lls Needed**:2
* The pipe I crossing	ength includes allowance for land slope and levee barrie
** It is advi	sed to use pipe thickness of 9mil, Tri-Ply 9mil, or 10 mil

size of pipe			
needed. number	Levee	Area (ac)	# of Holes
of rolls, nine	1	4.74	
thickness length	2	4.59	
of nine needed	3	5.48	
and gate settings	4	5.78	
for each levee or	5	4.83	
naddy	6	4.61	
Additionally it	7	3.95	
provides a	8	4.01	
pumping time	9	3.59	
estimate to flood	10	3.88	
the field.	11	3.91	
	12	3.97	

Plans provide

size of pipe

irrigators, with the

### **Multiple Inlet** tion for Rice Pla

DIVISION OF AGRICULTURE RESEARCH & EXTENSION

Field Drawing for new field

1.25

1.25

1.50

1.50

1.25

1.25



Additionally UA has developed a MIRI ATV trailer to aid in the implementation of MIRI, it can be used for multiple inlet (through the middle of the field) and for side inlet, when it is possible to place pipe along the field edge. The trailer is light enough to be pulled with an ATV so that it does not damage the levee and includes a small plow which provides a small trench to keep the pipe from rolling and twisting during use.



Blue gates are used in MIRI to adjust the flow to each levee. The video show how they are installed.





The poly pipe printer then prints the hole plan developed using the "Rice Irrigation" app on the pipe as it is installed

> Levee 14 Set blue Gate to ¼ open

Smart phone with Rice Irrigation app receives GPS location and transmits plan to printer using bluetooth

No-stress ATV hitch for crossing levees

Plow for pipe Prevents pipe from rolling after installation

Hitch and axels are designed to float over levees and bar ditch, minimizing damage.

GPS, Printer and Electronics

# PCB Printer Shield Details





Printer Monitor (mobile tablet and app) in cab, uploads plan from cloud

GPS

Printer is moved to Poly Pipe Toolbar for furrow irrigation. App imports Delta Plastics Pipe Planner Design.

Printer and roller apparatus (green) installed between poly pipe and OEM trencher.

Operator imports plan, locates plan on map, then starts printing. User can how often prints are made for person punching plan after pipe is filled.













Printed result identifies when hole sizes change even when hole punches are required on both sides of pipeline such as when pipe is used to irrigate on both sides

Even Build-ups are identified on the pipe for proper placement and height. This was also a location for a hole size change.



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### Pipe Planner Irrigation Design Results

Farm Name: Field Name: 18 acres Set: Set 1 (24 hrs) Hole Spacing: Every Furrow Flow Per Outlet 1.35 Minimum Pressure : 0.00 ft Maximum Pressure : 1.10 ft Uniformity: 82 % Min. Head Pressure: 0.50 ft Max Head Pressure:: 1.10 ft Set Area: 17 ac Flow In: 1000 gpm

Hole Size: 1/4,5/16,3/8,7/16,1/2,9/16,5/8,11/16,3/4,13/16,7/8,15/16,1,Enable

Gates

Pipe Size (in)	Pipe Function	Pipe Length (ft)	Hole Size (in)	Furrow Count	Build Up Height (ft)
12x7	Supply	0 - 10 ft			
12x7	Irrigation	10 - 187 ft	L: 7/16 R: 1/4	49	
12x7	Inigation	187 - 366 ft	L: 1/2 R: 1/4	55	
12x7	Irrigation	366 - 607 ft	L: 7/16 R: 1/4	80	
12x7	Inigation	607 - 717 ft	L: 3/8 R: 1/4	37	
	Build Up	717 <del>R</del>			1.10
12x7	Inigation	717 - 756 ft	L: 7/16 R: 5/16	13	
12x7	Inigation	756 - 774 ft	L: 3/8 R: 5/16	6	
12x7	Irrigation	774 - 1000 ft	L: 3/8 R: 1/4	64	
	Build Up	1000 <del>ft</del>			1.10
12x7	Inigation	1000 - 1004 ft	L: 1/2 R: 1/4	1	
12x7	Inigation	1004 - 1075 ft	L: 7/16 R: 1/4	19	
12x7	Irrigation	1075 - 1150 ft	L: 3/8 R: 1/4	20	
	Build Up	1150 <del>ft</del>			1.11
12x7	Inigation	1150 - 1191 ft	L: 7/16 R: 1/4	11	
12x7	Irrigation	1191 - 1246 ft	L: 3/8 R: 1/4	16	
	Build Up	1246 ft Efficient Ir	rightion Management from Delta Plastics		1.21

Computerize Hole Selection Pipe Plans can be very complicated with many hole size changes. This one has 12 changes with 3 buildups.



CHS pipe plans are designed using <u>www.pipeplanner.com</u> a tool provided by Delta Plastics

### 🖾 🔂 🕨

### **DP Pipe Plan Parser**

### ≵ 45 all 39% 🗋 12:20 PM

Operator can see real time location in field relative to the CHS plan. Here multiple hole sizes are changing frequently because row lengths are changing at every row

User has uploaded plan and location of pipe. Red dot is the tractor and poly pipe installer.

Printing commences when printer and pipe enter zone

Operator can see current print sequence and distance to next print and hole assignment changes



🖇 📲 📶 68% 🛢 10:25 AM

DP Pipe Plan Parser

Current furrow: L:3/8 R:1/4" holes Distance until next print: 10.00 ft EDIT PIPE

L:3/8 R./4 3/8 Google lata ©2018 Good Sent 'L:3/8 R:1/4' to printer

Approach pipe to begin printing.

Google 2018 Soogle - Imagery ©2018 DigitalGlobe, USDA Fe

FINISH



The result is less work, improved accuracy determining hole change locations and buildup placement. This results in more profit and less irrigation costs implementing CHS and MIRI.

CHANGE -> -> 9/16

Henry, Christopher G. and Earl Kline. 2019. Trailer, labeling system, control system and program for field implementation of computerized hole selection for layflat irrigation pipe. US Patent Number US 15/628,356. Filed June 20, 2017, Isured October 15, 2019.